THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, MONDAY, MARCH 9, 1863. NO. [illegible]

FIRST EDITION.

[illegible]

GEN. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Speaker to resume his seat. [illegible]

[illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SAW AND GRIST MILL FOR SALE.

CIRCULAR SAW AND GRIST MILL FOR SALE. [illegible] SAW [illegible] [illegible] apply to [illegible] at [illegible] Office. March 3-[illegible]

FOUND.

IN [illegible] A GOLD SLEEVE BUTTON. THE owner can have it by calling at this office, describing property, and paying for this advertisement. March 7-[illegible]

FOUND.

A [illegible] BOOK [illegible] A sum of money, which the owner [illegible] describing the same and paying for this advertisement. March 7-[illegible]

WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED GARDENER. A FEW WEEK'S [illegible] [illegible] March 7-[illegible]

FRUIT TREES AT AUCTION.

WILL BE SOLD AT CARTER'S NURSERY, RALeigh, N. C., on Thursday, March 12th, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, a large lot of FRUIT TREES of the best quality. March 5-7t

TANNER WANTED.

I WISH TO HIRE A GOOD TANNER, ONE THAT can come well recommended, for which I will pay a liberal price. Apply immediately to me at [illegible], Guilford County, N. C.
March 5-2m* [illegible]

NOTICE.

I WILL VISIT RICHMOND VA., THE FIRST OF April and will establish an independent depot, North Carolinians will find a place to sleep and store their boxes.
G. W. CHIPLEY.
Feb 9-tf

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. [illegible] 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply to me.
THO. T. HOGG, Capt. C. S.
Dec. [illegible] In charge of Ordnance.

POCKET BOOK FOUND.

A COMMON LEATHER POCKET BOOK OR PORT Monnaie, containing a small sum of money, was picked up on Hillsborough street and left at the Progress office. The owner can have it by applying and describing property. March 2-tf

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON, PIANO FORTE MANUFACturer, respectfully informs the public that he has established himself in Raleigh, and offers his services to all who wish their Pianos skillfully and thoroughly tuned or repaired. Orders left at the Book Store of W. L. Pomeroy, Esq., or at Mr. Pirsson's residence on Hargett street, nearly opposite the Fair Grounds, will meet with prompt attention.

N. B.—Piano Fortes bought and sold. Mr. Pirsson refers to the Rev. Dr. Smedes and Professor Hubbard. Jan 13-tf

GEORGE BISHOP, HILLSBORO', N. C.

HAS AND WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND a very superior lot of Mahogany Burial Cases, which he can furnish to those needing them, at any point on the N. C. R. R., by the first train after the order is received by mail or telegraph. Ready for shipment in all cases when order is received. Feb 14-3m.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,
STOCK AND MONEY BROKERS,
RALEIGH, N. C.

CONTINUE TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE business at their old stand as heretofore, in all its branches. Feb 26-3m*

A SMALL ENGINE WANTED.

WANTED A SMALL STEAM ENGINE THREE OR four horse power. Apply to EDITOR PROGRESS. Feb 20-tf

WANTED.

A MAN WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS opening and working gold mines, in the State of North Carolina. Must come well recommended. To a man that can be depended upon in every particular a liberal salary will be given. Address J. H., care of Box [illegible], Raleigh, N. C. Feb 16-1m*

MILCH COW FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE MILCH COW FOR SALE. APPLY to PROGRESS OFFICE. March 6-3t*

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE IN GREENSBORO', N. C.

HAVING DECIDED TO BOARD IN THE COLlege building, I offer for sale my private residence, consisting of 8 rooms, most of which are large. The lot is situated on West Street in a quiet part of the town, and contains about 1½ acres of land. Any person desiring to purchase will please apply to
March 2-tf T. M. JONES.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.

PERSONS HAVING GOOD HORSES TO SELL LIVing in Wake or adjoining counties, can dispose of them at good prices by calling at my Livery Stable, in Raleigh.
J. M. HARRIS,
Feb 3-3m Agent for State.

MILITARY NOTICES.

[illegible]

PUBLISHED BY COL. J. C. T. McDOWELL, BY ORDER OF GEN. R. F. HOKE.

HEAD QUARTERS 21st REGT. N. C. T.,
Hoke's Brigade,
Feb. 19th, 1863.

A list of the names of the absentees from the 21st N. C. Regiment, who are supposed to be at their homes in Surry County, North Carolina.

[illegible]

Private Andrew [illegible]

A list of the names of the absentees from the 21st N C Regiment, who are supposed to be at their homes in Stokes County, North Carolina.

Co [illegible]—Absent without leave.
Private W H [illegible] Private Robert Watson
Co [illegible]—Absent without leave.
Private [illegible] Private W G Wall
[illegible] W A Wall
[illegible] W H Lehman
[illegible] J W Kelly
Co I—Absent without leave.
Private [illegible]
Co C—Absent without leave.
Private [illegible] Private J B Cofer
[illegible] Wm Cofer
[illegible]
Co K—Absent without leave.
Private [illegible]

A list of the names of the absentees from the 21st N C Regiment, who are supposed to be at their homes in Guilford County, North Carolina.

Co M—Absent without leave.
Private F A Cobb Private Samuel Boots
Henry Ingle.

A list of the names of the absentees from the 21st N C Regiment, who are supposed to be at their homes in Rockingham County, North Carolina.

Co L—Absent without leave.
Private [illegible] Private Peter Rickman
[illegible] James Roberts

Lt. Col. GRAVES,
Commanding 21st Reg N C T

HEAD QUARTERS 57th REGT. N. C. T.,
Hoke's Brigade,
Feb. 19th, 1863.

List of men absent without proper authority from the 57th Regt N C T in Rowan County, N C.
Co A—Absent without leave.
Privates S A McNeely W M Shuping
Co C—Absent without leave.
Private J Cowan Private J M Heir
A H Hooker J C Peeler
H A Carter
Co H—Absent without leave.
Private A L McCanles
Co K—Absent without leave.
Private G B Ewink D W Miller
Co C—Absent without leave.
Private Lewis Wilhelm.
I certify that the above list is correct.
A C GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th N C T in Davie County, N C.
Co H—Absent without leave.
Private A J Foster Burgess Kepler
I certify that the above list is correct.
A C GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th Regt N C T in Stanley County, N C.
Co A—Absent without leave.
Private Henry Hinson J D Hinson
I certify that the above list is correct.
A C GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th Regt N C T in Forsyth County, N C.
Co C—Absent without leave.
Private W H Cox A Livengood
Eli Shamel
I certify that the above list is correct.
A C GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th N C T in Montgomery County, N C.
Co [illegible]—Absent without leave.
Private E L Ferrell
I certify that the above list is correct.
A C GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th N C T in Orange County, N C.
Co I—Absent without leave.
Private N S Terry
I certify that the above list is correct.
A C GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th N C T in Surry County, N C.
Co G—Absent without leave.
Private M R Pringle
I certify that the above list is correct.
A C GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th Regt N C T in Davidson County, N C.
Co B—Absent without leave.
Privates H M Brock H S Williams
A M Williams
I certify that the above list is correct.
A C GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th Regt N C T in Catawba County, N C.
Co E—Absent without leave.
Private Calvin Cline
I certify that the above list is correct.
A. C. GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th Regt N C T in Iredell County, N C.
Co B—Absent without leave.
Private H W Dearman Private J W Morrison
Co H—Absent without leave.
Private J K Douda
I certify that the above list is correct.
A. C. GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th Regt N C T in Yadkin County, N C.
Co D—Absent without leave.
Private B Fare.
I certify that the above list is correct.
A. C. GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th Regt N C T in [illegible] County, N C.
Co [illegible]—Absent without leave.
Private [illegible] Levi Lane
I certify that the above list is correct.
A. C. GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

List of men absent without proper authority from 57th Regt N C T in [illegible] County, N C.
Co [illegible]—Absent without leave.
Private [illegible] Private E M Welborn
Co C—Absent without leave.
Private [illegible]
Co H—Absent without leave.
Private [illegible]
I certify that the above list is correct.
A C GODWIN,
Colonel Commanding 57th N C T

HEAD QUARTERS 54th N. C. T.,
Hoke's Brigade,
Feb. 19th, 1863.

List of men now absent improperly from 54th N. C. T.

Company A—[illegible], J F [illegible], R W Hall, W A Jester, Yadkin county; John [illegible], [illegible], Davidson county, N C.

Company B—Privates Wm Hutchins, Yancey county; [illegible] Wm Martin, Joseph [illegible], N C.

Company C—None absent.

Company D—None absent.

Company E—Private Abraham [illegible], Wilkes county, N C.

Company G—Corporal C [illegible], Private David [illegible], [illegible] Davis county; [illegible] Johnson, Wilkes county, N C.

Company H—Privates Calvin Collins, Wilkes county; [illegible], Christian Shore, W F Bryant, [illegible] Brown, Solomon D Swaim, Yadkin county; [illegible], Alfred Mayfield, James D Williams, Surry county, N C.

Company I—Privates John Case, W L Case, [illegible], [illegible], Dan Morrow, G W Carter, [illegible], Polk county, N C.

Company K—Privates [illegible], Enoch Brookshire, Randolph county; Wm Carver, Chatham county; [illegible] county; Josiah Jackson, [illegible] county; William C Ledwell, Randolph county; John [illegible], Granville county; Michael [illegible], Randolph county; John A Wright, Granville county; James [illegible], Polk county, N C.

I certify that the above is a correct list of men absent from 54th N C Troops without leave.
J. C. T. McDOWELL,
Colonel Commanding 54th N C T.

HEAD QUARTERS 6th REG. N. C. T.,
Hoke's Brigade,
Feb. 19th, 1863.

Report of men of 6th Reg. N. C. Troops absent without leave.

Company D—M G Hardin, J H Forrell, E Powell, W Shehan, McDowell county, N C.

Company E—S C Whitlock, W H Ollis, Thos L Ollis, John L Ollis, Mitchell county; E P Parker, A P Johnson, Burke county, N C.

Company C—James Berry, Burke county, N C.

Company D—Sandy G Mangum, Clem W Crabtree, Orange county, N C.

Company I—John W Pickard, John Kelley, Wake co. North Carolina.

Company A—George Benkhart, Charlottesville, Pat Casey, Lynchburg, Thos Denton, Richmond, Va.; R L Ethel, Davidson county, N C.

Company H—John Brinkle, driving wagon in Jackson's Corps.

Company F—Leonard Ray, driving bread wagon in Richmond, Va.

Report of deserters from 6th N C.

Company E—Lace Byrd, McCarry Slagle, Wm Honeycutt, Wm Buchanan, Mitchell county, N C.

Company A—Edward Cauble, Salisbury, Rowan county, N C, Jesse Gallimore, near Salisbury Road, Randolph county, N C; B M Morgan, Randolph county, N C; J R Griffin, Forsyth county, N C.

Company D—J F Dewhit, last heard of in Louisa county, Va; Peter Mull, Cornelius Ryan, last heard of in Maryland.

Company G—John Waters, James Lea, Mecklenburg county; Moses C Josey, Joseph L Wilson, Rowan county, North Carolina.

J. E. AVERY,
Colonel Commanding 6th N. C.

HEAD QUARTERS 1st Bat. N. C. Sharpshooters,
Hoke's Brigade,
Feb. 19th, 1863.

A list of men absent without leave from the 1st Bat. N C Sharpshooters, February 19th, 1863, stating their residence.

Company A—Privates W F Diegler, Iredell county; B M Couch, Jesse Hendrix, G E Dull, W F Stout, Yadkin county, N C.

Company B—Privates Zadock Stafford, Forsyth co.; Henry Royal, Yadkin county, N C.

J. A. COOPER,
Captain Commanding,
March 6-tf Per Serg't Ammons.

Headquarters Examining Board,
AND ENROLLING OFFICE,
ASHEVILLE, N. C. Feb. 11th, 1863.

THE COMMANDING OFFICERS OF REGIMENTS of N. C. Militia in the tenth Congressional District are hereby notified to assemble all white male persons between the ages of eighteen and forty years, within their Regiments at the Court House of their respective Counties, for Medical Examination and Final Enrollment at the times hereinafter mentioned.

Clay County, 116th Regiment, March 10th, 1863.
Cherokee County, 115th Regiment, March 16th, 1863.
Macon County, 114th Regiment, March 23d, 1863.
Jackson County, 113th Regiment, March 30th, 1863.
Haywood County, 112th Regiment, April 6th, 1863.
Transylvania County, 107th Regiment, April 13th, 1863.
Henderson County, 106th Regiment, April 20th, 1863.
Buncombe County, 108th Regiment, April 27th, 1863.
Madison County, 110th Regiment, May 4th, 1863.
Yancey County, 111th Regiment, May 11th, 1863.
Mitchell County, 99th Regiment, May 18th, 1863.
Watauga County, 98th Regiment, May 25th, 1863.
McDowell County, 102d Regiment, June 1st, 1863.
Rutherford County, 103d & 104th Reg'ts, June 8th, 1863.
Polk County, 105th Regiment, June 15th, 1863.

THO'S M. NELSON,
Assistant Surgeon, P. A. C. S.
Chairman Examining Board.

In obedience to General Orders, No 82, Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, dated Nov. 3d, 1862, ALL white males in the tenth Congressional District, between the ages of eighteen and forty years, whether residents of any other portion of this State or of other States, in which the Conscript Law has not been suspended by authority of the President, are hereby required to report themselves at the above mentioned places for examination and final enrollment on the days fixed in the aforesaid notice of the Examining Board.

This notice includes EVERY white male person within the ages specified. Those who have been heretofore examined and discharged either by State or Confederate Surgeons—those who have at any time been discharged from the army—those who have furnished substitutes—and any and all persons who may claim exemption on any ground whatever.

No discharge, exemption or detail, from any source, will excuse from attendance, at the places and time hereinbefore appointed.

All laws and regulations applicable to deserters, shall be applied to such Conscripts as fail to repair to the place of rendezvous for enrollment, or shall desert after enrollment.

All agencies employed for the apprehension and confinement of deserters and their transportation to the command of their respective Commanders, shall be applicable to persons liable to duty as Conscripts who shall fail to repair to the place of rendezvous after the publication of this call.

The attention of recruiting officers is called to General Orders No 18, current series, A. & I. G. O., Richmond Va.

THO'S S. HOBARD?,
1st Lieut., P. A. C. S.,
Enrolling Officer 10th Congressional District.

Feb 13-tf

Asheville News and Salisbury Watchman copy four times and send bill immediately to Progress office.

MILITARY NOTICES.

Engineer Office,
Quartermaster's [illegible],
GOLDSBORO', Feb. 27th, 1863.

GENERAL NOTICE.

PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST THE Engineer Department for services rendered and labor or materials furnished for defences at Kinston or Goldsboro', since the 26th of December, 1862, are hereby notified to apply at this office for payment, before the 15th of March, after which time application will have to be made at Engineer's Office, Richmond, Va.

Those who reside at a distance and desire to collect amounts due them for hire, through agents, will please observe the following form of

POWER OF ATTORNEY.

I, [illegible], do hereby appoint [illegible] of [illegible] my true and lawful agent, to sign, receipt for, and receive payment of the amount due to me by the Engineer Department of the Confederate States for [illegible] for the service of my slave [illegible] on the defensive works at [illegible] during the month of ——, 1863.

Witness my hand and seal at [illegible] this —— day of —— 186—.

(Signed in duplicate.) [SEAL.]

Witness:
————
————

N B. The signature of the person (if white) must be witnessed by [illegible] (if colored) by three witnesses. When an acknowledgment is taken before a single Justice of the Peace, the Clerk of the Court must certify, under his official seal, that such person is a Justice of the Peace for said county or corporation. In cases of executors, administrators, guardians, &c., a similar certificate of the Clerk of the Court in which the person qualified, is also required.

R. K. MASON,
Asst. Engineer.

N. B.—Blank form of Power of Attorney can be had at this office. R. K. M.

March 6-2t

Office Assistant Quartermaster,
KINSTON, N. C., March 4th, 1863.

IN PURSUANCE OF ORDERS, ISSUING FROM these Headquarters, I will sell at Public Auction at the Government Stables, in this place, on Thursday 12th instant, at 12 o'clock, M. nine HORSES and seven MULES, condemned by Board of Survey.

G. B. DEWEY,
March 5-3t Capt. and A. Q. M.

REWARDS.

$25 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM A. W. HEDGEPETH, AT HILLSboro', to whom she was hired, about two months since, the subscriber's negro woman MATILDA. She is about 32 or 33 years of age, light complected, stout built, weighs 140 or 150 pounds, has front teeth rotten and has been seen lurking about the Company's Shops and Graham, and I suppose is about there now. I will give the above reward for her apprehension and confinement in jail, so that I get her, or a reward of $50 for evidence to convict any white person of harboring her.

JNO. H. POWELL,
March 7-1w Goldsboro', N. C.

600 DOLLARS REWARD.

I WILL PAY THE ABOVE REWARD FOR THE APprehension of the following named negroes, who left my plantation near Kittrell's, Granville county, on the night of the 22d, viz:

DANNIEL, 50 years old, dark, low and well set.
LEE, 30 or 40 years old, yellow medium height.
JERRY, 30 years old, bright tall and likely.
JOE, 20 years old, dark, medium height.
SAMBO, 14 or 15 years old, dark and thick of hearing.
CELIA, young woman, 18 or 19 years old, well grown.

Lee has a wife at Mr. Thos. G. Tucker's [illegible], N. C.

Celia also has relations at Mr. Tucker's.

They are no doubt making their way to the Yankees in the Eastern part of this State.

The above reward will be paid for their apprehension and confinement so that I can get them, or $100 for either.

BALDY A. CAPEHEART.
Feb 25-tf

RANAWAY.

FROM THE GOVERNMENT SHOPS, RALEIGH, MY boy JONAS. He is about 20 years old 5 feet ten inches high, of dark color, and has too large teeth in front. He left with a pass from the clerk of the superintendent of the shops (Capt. Sharpe,) on the 1st. inst., for Henderson depot. He may be loitering about Kittrell's or Henderson. A reward of twenty-five dollars will be paid for his delivery to me, or for his being lodged in any jail so that I can get him. Address Dr. R. A. BAKER,
Feb 23-d3w Camp Holmes.

100 DOLLARS REWARD.

RUNAWAY FROM CHAMBERS COUNTY, ALAbama, Jan. 27th, a negro man named BURT, about thirty years old, six feet one inch high, two middle fingers crisped from a burn. He has a pass and was detected on the N. C. Railroad on the 14th inst. making his way to Raleigh, and jumped off at or near McLean's station. The above reward will be given if delivered to me or confined so I get him. Address me at Cusseta, Ala.
J. L. BARTEE.
Feb 18-tf

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.
STOCK BROKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
RALEIGH, N. C.
[Office on Fayetteville Street.]

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO sales and purchases of State and Confederate Bonds, Bank and other Stocks, collection of Claims, and any business connected with the different departments of the State government.

Bank notes of all Southern States bought and sold.

REFERENCES.
O G Parsley, Wilmington.
W A Wright, do.
John D Williams, Fayetteville.
W G Broadfoot, do.
J J Blackwood, Charlotte.
W K Lane, Wayne county.
John D Whitford, Craven county.
Hon. Thomas Ruffin, Alamance county.
Hon W N Edwards, Warren county.
Hon D W Courts, Rockingham county.
H W Guion, Lincoln county.
And citizens of Raleigh generally. Jan 14-tf

NEW AUCTION & COMMISSION HOUSE.
FRANK. I. WILSON,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

IN A CENTRAL POSITION, AND HAVING A SPAcious house, will receive and sell at Auction or on Commission, all kinds of GOODS, WARES, MERCHANDISE, PRODUCE—in fact any and all articles. Quick sales and prompt returns. Feb 23-1m

Standard and Register copy 1 month, Weekly and Semi-Weekly.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS WHO PRESENT THEMSELVES at the office of the Surgeon General, between the hours of 9 and 10 a. m., will be vaccinated free of charge.
EDWARD WARREN,
Dec 20-tf Surgeon General of N. C.

BOARD! BOARD! BOARD!

GOOD BOARD AND PLEASANT ROOMS MAY BE had in one of the most central and pleasant parts of this city by applying immediately to D. H. BREEN, 1st two story house in the rear of Mr. Pullen's Hotel, on Martin street, Raleigh. Dec 18-tf

WANTED TO HIRE.

A NURSE FOR THE BALANCE OF THIS YEAR IN a small family. Enquire at ISAAC OTTINGER'S, corner Fayetteville St. and Market Square.
March 8-1w.

WANTED.

A MAN WHO WILL UNDERTAKE TO FURNISH 300 bushels CHARCOAL per week. We will pay a reliable man a large price.
March 2-2w SHAY, WILLIAMSON, & CO.

DAILY PROGRESS.

[illegible]

[illegible]

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

By WILKES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

CARGO SALE
DIRECT IMPORTATION.

CARGOES BY STEAM SHIPS "[illegible]" AND "EAGLE," DIRECT FROM ENGLAND, AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, 12TH INST., AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M., I will sell at my Sales Room, No. [illegible] Row, Front Street, Wilmington, North Carolina, the following valuable and desirable articles, comprising cargoes of above mentioned Steamers direct from England, viz:

GROCERIES.
20 Chests Superior Young Hyson Tea,
40 " " Gunpowder "
5 " " Twankay "
15 " " Souchong "
25 " " Congo "
10 cases best Sperm Candles,
300 sacks Liverpool [illegible] Salt,
50 cases Martel Extra Cognac Brandy,
200 boxes Extra Tin Plates, [illegible]

DRUGS, &c.
60 kegs Bi Carb Soda,
82 Drum's best boiled Linseed Oil,
2400 ounces Quinine,
55 barrels Epsom Salts,
1 case fine Mustard,
7 " Pepper do,
9 casks Black Lead,
6 cases Cream Tartar,
5 cases Borax,
8 barrels Copperas,
8 cases Castor Oil,
30 [illegible] (20 oz)
4 [illegible] Flor. Anthemides,
1 case Gum Tragacanth,
50 pounds Quicksilver,
6 cases Citric Juice,
1 case Pound'd Cubebs,
1 " Calomel,
1 " Balsam Copaiva,
1 " Oil Lemons,
1 " Cantharides,
1 " Carb. Ammonia, Opium, Cerate Cetacei, Pulv. Rhei Ind,
1 " Haust? Nig, Spts. Ammon Co, Sp. Nitre dulc, Pulv. Ipecac, Potass Iodid, Dovers Powders,
3 cases Camphor, Cerat Resinæ, [illegible] Arg[illegible],
1 case Tera Cit Et Quinine, Cerat Calam [illegible],
1 " Pulv Rhei Ind, Cream Tart, Pulv Catechu,
1 " Zingel [illegible], [illegible], Arrow Root, [illegible],
1 " Acet Morphia, Emplastra, Plumbi,
1 " Ext. Coloc Co, Rheiind, Pulv Opii,
1 " Gum Tart, Ting Hydrag Fort.

LEATHER, SHOES, &c.
1 bale Harness Leather, (extra,)
2 bales English [illegible] Leather,
1200 pair Kip Brogans,
438 " heavy Kip Brogans,
1400 " Gents Am Shoes,
184 " Ladies colored Cashmere Boots, Calf Fronts,
120 Pair Ladies Congress Gaiters,
72 " " Kid Boots, (Military heels,)
44 " Misses' and Childrens' fine Shoes.

DRY GOODS.
18 Bales, 720 prs Kappel's Black and White Prints,
1551½ yards Black Broad Cloths,
601¼ " Fancy Mixed Cloths,
531 " Assorted Fancy Cassimere,
273 " Grey Mixed Seal Skin Cloths,
254½ " Brown " " "
87 " Claret " " "
128 " Fancy Diamond Plush,
101½ " Black "
71¾ " Diagonal "
51¼ " Fancy Striped "
48½ " Striped "
26¼ " Diagonal "
800 dozen Clark's Spool Thread, 200 yds, in tin cases, assorted 10 to 50,
652 Gross Military Buttons,
196 Great Gross Agate Buttons,
10 " " Black Pins,
936 Packs English [illegible],
1 Case Pins and Buttons,
500 Gross Superior Matches.
Wilmington, N. C., March 7th, 1863. 5t.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

A HALF ACRE LOT, WITH TWO STORY house and outhouses, for sale in a central part of the City of Raleigh. Apply immediately to
March 2-2w* EDITOR PROGRESS.

Standard copy 2 weeks and send bill to Progress.

BUGGY HORSE FOR SALE.

A HANDSOME BUGGY HORSE FOR SALE. APply to W. H. JONES.
March 6-tf

RAILROAD STOCK FOR SALE.

TEN SHARES STOCK IN THE WILMINGTON & Weldon Railroad Company for sale. Apply at Progress office. Feb 18-tf

FOR SALE.

NORTH CAROLINA 6 PER CENT. CERTIFICATES.
" " 8 " " Bonds.
Confederate States Bonds.
Wanted—N. C. 6 per cent. Fundable Notes.
Jan 23-tf W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I STRIVE TO PLEASE.
G. A. LACK,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

On "Ugly Row," opposite Lougee's, "Hard by Tucker's."

WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS on hand at all times a large assortment of CITIZENS and MILITARY CLOTHING, and having procured the services of the imperial C. M. FARRISS, known as the best and most tasty CUTTER in the South, all work will be done under his supervision. I hope to receive a liberal patronage. G. A. LACK.
Dec 5-tf

MISS PIRSSON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO THE CITIZENS of Raleigh that she intends taking Pupils on the PIANO FORTE and in SINGING. Those who are already advanced in music would be preferred. Terms made known on application at her residence in Hargett street, nearly opposite the Fair Ground. Jan 13-tf

BLOUNT'S CREEK MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

SELL SHEETING 4-4 30 CENTS PER YARD;
OSNABURGS, 35 cents per yard;
COTTON YARN, $3 per bunch.
Dec 3-tf GEO. McNEILL, Pres

SUBSTITUTES WANTED.

TWO MEN OVER 50 YEARS OF AGE, CAN OBTAIN employment as substitutes to go in any company they may choose, if they are accepted in the army, by applying to the PROGRESS OFFICE, or "M. N;" Box 160, Raleigh N. C. A fair price will be paid.
March 3-1w*

LOST

AT THE DEPOT OF THE NORTH CAROLINA R. R., a large fair leathered, ladies TRUNK, with a brass lock on the same, on Tuesday the 20th of January, 1863. Any person who will return the same with the contents, I will pay Twenty Dollars. It is probable that it has been taken to some of the Hotels by mistake, or may have been sent from said depot to some other point on the Railroad. L. C. SHARPE.
Jan 22-tf

BRISTLES! BRISTLES! BRISTLES!

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS WILL BE paid per pound for [illegible] at [illegible]
Nov. 27—tf. [illegible]

[illegible] How to send [illegible] avoid all risk in sending money [illegible]

READ AND DIGEST.—We occasionally get letters from personal acquaintances and friends ordering the *Progress* sent to them, till the money is sent. Now once for all, we will send the paper to no one, not the best personal friend we have in the world, without the money. Such is an established business rule and we shall adhere to it in all cases.

Another matter: We frequently get letters from subscribers enclosing money to renew their subscriptions, asking us to continue them at our yearly rates. Our terms are printed in every paper and we shall adhere to them. They are as follows: One month $1, or a dollar a month for any number of months under six; for six months $5, and for twelve months $8. If therefore a dollar at a time be paid the paper will cost $12 a year, but if a year be paid in advance it costs only $8. We frequently get letters [illegible] us to write and let the subscriber know when his time is out. In answer to all such we simply remark that the paper is stopped when the time paid for expires and will not be sent again till more money is received. We hope these explanations will be sufficient.

[illegible] the song of Yankee correspondents, "Fighting Hooker" and "Yankee Ge[illegible] Fredericksburg [illegible] with Bragg at Murfreesboro'. Every batch of Northern papers across the lines brings us vague, mysterious and ominous conjectures and predictions about "a movement" of the "National forces." *National* has been substituted for *Union*, and hence it is the *Union* army no longer, but the "great National army." But why don't it move? The weather is now [illegible]—the roads are getting firm, and the [illegible] in the North for the "suppression of the rebellion" [illegible]. Why then don't they move? The enemy is now at Fredericksburg, only a handful of "rebels" guarding the approach to Richmond by that route, the "National" army is headed by "Fighting Joe Hooker" and yet they don't come along.

"About to advance." This greets us in every Yankee newspaper and yet we wait for them in vain—At Charleston, Savannah, Mobile, Vicksburg, Tennessee and on the Rappahannock we wait for them in vain. For what do they wait? For the hundred and fifty thousand niggers to be enrolled, the conscripts, or what? They outnumber us everywhere and yet they dare not cross a lance with our brave veterans, who have on many a hard fought field proved their superiority over the enemy.

"About to move." This has been the cry ever since Hooker superseded Burnside on the Rappahannock; in fact it was the cry before, for just previous to Burnside's degradation by removal he issued a pompous address to his army telling them they were again about to meet the foe, &c. Instead, however, of being marched across the Rappahannock to meet Gen. Lee's [illegible] host, they were drawn off towards Washington to be "reorganized," and the long promised "movement" has not yet taken place.

Wilmington, Charleston and Savannah have been threatened—days have been fixed by the braggart, insolent foe for the demolition of Charleston, and yet they hesitate. The fact is, we are prepared for them and they seem to be pretty well apprised of the fact. Charleston is defended by a thousand frowning cannon, Savannah is belted by defences mounted with heavy guns, and [illegible] of the gallant Whiting, [illegible] we fondly hope to defy the shock whenever it comes. The Yankees hover along the coast but fear to make the attack so long [illegible]. The fact is they are cowed—the desperate thrashings they got at Fredericksburg and Murfreesboro', have demoralized their forces and they fear to meet us.

Rosecrans is being [illegible] they tell us, and is soon to advance. Well, let him try it [illegible] Gen. Bragg and his brave army is unbounded and we would as soon see a fight in Tennessee as not, but we don't believe we shall have it soon. The army of Rosecrans was terribly cut up in the battle of Murfreesboro and they have no desire to encounter Gen. Bragg again, and should they advance again Rosecrans is whipped as sure as he is a Dutchman.

In the field we have but little to fear anywhere, from the vandals now in the field or those to come into it—whether white or black, substitutes or conscripts—and if the authorities at Richmond will but protect the currency and respect the rights of the States and their citizens we have but little to fear from a continuance of the war.

"About to strike a blow," indeed. We have heard this cry so long that we have nothing but contempt for the threat or the source from whence it comes.

TO BE PITIED.—A correspondent of a Southern paper sojourning at Richmond makes the humiliating confession, that his acquaintances in the Metropolis are confined to members of the two Houses of Congress.

AUCTION SALE OF [illegible] GOODS.—We call attention to the [illegible] of English goods to be sold in Wilmington by [illegible] Morris, Auctioneer, on the 12th inst.

[illegible] on the Ogeechee river, eight miles [illegible] Savannah. The distance from the city to the Fort by water is fifteen miles.

[illegible] get this is [illegible]

[illegible] they will come from the furnace pure as virgin gold.

Exciting Rumors from Below.

Passengers by the train from Goldsboro' last evening brought a rumor to the effect that the enemy were advancing from Newbern in the direction of Kinston, and that on Saturday night the advance was in nine or ten miles of the latter place. [illegible] themselves.

We [illegible] that a skirmish took place on Friday [illegible] in the neighborhood of Core Creek, between our men and the enemy's pickets, and that [illegible] of our men were taken prisoners and [illegible] killed on each side—one report says five Yankees and two of our men. We presume we shall get the particulars [illegible].

[illegible] the advance, but should the number be as large as twelve thousand. Whether it be a feint to cover operations from Charleston and Savannah or intended to make a real attack at Goldsboro' or the Railroad we know no more than anybody else.

We will thank our friends at Kinston and Goldsboro' to keep the *Progress* posted by letter and telegraph.

[illegible] In fact we have been [illegible] however, as [illegible] would say, that it is "better to be born lucky than rich."

Well, [illegible] on Saturday morning, when we were [illegible] and led to a [illegible] across the street and told to help ourself. We liked a pair and traveled and [illegible]. And so cheap too—like the oysters, didn't cost a cent. We acknowledge ourself indebted to our friend, J. H. F., of Wilmington, and trust that he may continue to flourish.

By the way, Jo, old fellow, if there is anything we can do for you just say so. We have (confidentially,) the State and Confederate Governments in our breeches pockets, and if you want a foreign mission, a seat in Congress or a Major Generalship say it and you shall have it. Only send another pair of shad and anything you may ask is yours. Our influence is unbounded.

WAYSIDE HOSPITALS.—No means yet introduced for the relief of our soldiers are more productive of good results than the Wayside Hospitals established by the State and Confederate Governments, and we think that there should be ample accommodation of this kind at every point where soldiers are likely to have to remain over a day or night. The Wayside Hospital, near the N. C. Railroad Depot, in this city, established by Gov. Vance [illegible] Gen. Warren and under the immediate charge of Surgeon Roberts, gave shelter and food, during the month of February, to [illegible] persons, all soldiers and parties in charge of [illegible], or the friends and relatives of soldiers on their way to or from the camps. [illegible] without the means to procure food and lodging [illegible] from the depot to this hospital and cared for.

This Wayside Hospital was established by and is under the [illegible] management of the State, and the management and superintendence of Dr. Roberts, so far as we have been able to judge, has been unexceptionable.

CORN.—[illegible] cargo of corn arrived by rail last evening from below. Whether it [illegible] or stopped here we know not. We do know though that corn is needed here.

A writer in the *Examiner* suggests the name of Gen. R. A. Pryor for the Governorship of Virginia.

We learn that on Tuesday [illegible] Capt. Galloway, commanding Coast Guards, captured a Yankee boat near Little River, in the vicinity of the South Carolina line. The boat contained [illegible] men and eleven Enfield rifles. The men and rifles were also captured.

It would seem that the Yankees had come ashore from some blockader for the purpose of getting fresh meat and had already shot a beef, when Capt. Galloway, with a portion of his command, rather interfered with their arrangements. The prisoners arrived here yesterday. There was also a negro in the boat, who made his escape to the woods, but can hardly long evade capture.—*Wilmington Journal of Saturday.*

CONGRESS AND THE PRESS.

We observe, in the recent proceedings of the Confederate Senate [illegible] exemption bill [illegible] proposition introduced by the great and gifted Senator from Alabama, Mr. Yancey, [illegible] legislative and [illegible] voted down [illegible] to 14. Mr. Yancey evidently appreciates the power and usefulness of the public press, but it seems a majority of the Senate do not. [illegible] part of the country the cheapest facilities for obtaining information which their readers desire; and that by instruments of their own choosing and not such as [illegible]. Now if the [illegible] reporters could have the appreciable effect on the army's numerical strength, there might be some show

which broke up [illegible] the [illegible] of the Church and the State, which unfettered the mind and conscience and will of the people and led them from darkness and degradation to light and liberty and law. It was the chief auxiliary in that great Reformation, which whatever may be thought of it in a religious view, was certainly productive of that political liberty which we now enjoy. This great art first gave us the Bible—then books of philosophy, poetry, history, &c.—then political pamphlets—then Court Journals and finally the newspaper of this age, which is emphatically the People's Library. This is the only library which from its size and convenience [illegible] within the reach of the masses. At a small outlay, the labor of a few days, almost every man can place before his family, with the news from all quarters—the progress of the war, the aspect of the times, the state of the markets, the news of the country, the acts and sayings of the people's servants.

It is late in the day [illegible] public to defend itself against [illegible], and the passions of those who [illegible]. The newspaper press demands no privileges [illegible] can be granted without detriment to the [illegible] within legitimate rules [illegible] forced to take what means it can get. It is almost [illegible] the press, by confining the [illegible] great cause—the successful prosecution of the war.—*Augusta Constitutionalist.*

From the Savannah Morning News, March 2.

DESTRUCTION OF THE NASHVILLE.

About half-past seven o'clock on Saturday morning heavy firing was heard in the direction of Genesis Point, and the general belief was that Fort McAllister had again been attacked by the enemy's gunboats. The firing continued, though not rapidly, at occasional intervals, until about [illegible], after which only a few guns were heard. About this time news reached the city that the Montauk had come up within range and opened fire on the steamer Nashville, which, in attempting to run out, had run aground on Friday in the bend of what is called Seven Mile Reach, in the Ogeeche, a short distance above the fort, and that the Nashville was on fire.—With a friend we drove down to Coffee Bluff, on the Little Ogeeche, about ten miles from the city. Arriving at the point near the battery formerly occupied by Read's Flying Artillery, we had a view across the marsh of the fort, the burning Nashville and the enemy's gunboats.

The firing had ceased some two hours before, and the three gunboats, with the iron-clad turret boat, had dropped down [illegible] miles below the fort, where they were lying at anchor, while an immense column of smoke rose from the Nashville, where she lay apparently, from our point of view, about a mile above the fort. All was still, and the few spectators at the point who, like ourselves, had arrived after the firing had ceased, could give us no information further than the reports they had received from the retiring salt boilers and others whom they had met on their way from the city. Some said the Montauk alone had engaged the fort and also fired on the Nashville, which being unable to escape had been fired by her crew.—Others were of opinion that the Nashville had been set on fire by the shells from the Montauk. There appeared to be some movement about one o'clock among the gunboats which were lying at a distance of five or six miles from our position, and as the tide was nearly full, we thought it probable that the enemy might contemplate another attack on the fort. We waited till about half-past one, when we observed one of the gunboats leave her companions and steam off down the river, taking a course in the direction of Tybee, doubtless to communicate their operations to headquarters. When she was out of sight we returned to the city.

It was not until yesterday morning that we learned anything of the particulars of the destruction of the Nashville. It appears that the steamer having got aground in the Reach on Friday, was observed by the enemy, and a few shots were fired at her by the Montauk on Friday evening. The Nashville being unable to get off, and the crew being forced to abandon her, the Montauk, favored by a curve in the river, took a position which brought her in easy range and opened fire on her again on Saturday morning, [illegible] when she took fire from the shells and was entirely consumed, with her valuable cargo of cotton and naval stores. After the Nashville had been on fire some time, a quantity of powder on board, some two hundred pounds, exploded, knocking out the stern of the steamer. Her guns and shells that were loaded also exploded with a terrific report, which was heard in the city.

Thus terminated the career of the "Rattlesnake," which we fondly hoped was soon to be converted into a sea serpent to plague the Yankees on the ocean. Her owners sustain a heavy loss in the vessel and her machinery, while private parties lose some [illegible] hundred bales of cotton which had been shipped on board of her. The loss being divided among many, will not be serious to any, and we have no doubt that the owners of her cargo would have cheerfully submitted to a much greater sacrifice to have secured her escape to sea.

ATTENTION CONSCRIPT GUARDS.—The decision of Judge Meredith subjecting to conscription all men, foreigners or not, who have once served in the Confederate armies, is having the effect, we understand, of causing a general stampede of hundreds of Germans, Irishmen, Marylanders and other foreigners by birth. Further, the rush of these gentry to smuggle themselves away has caused an unusual demand for gold and a rise in its selling rates. Many of them have plenty of Confederate bills, the spoils of speculation and extortion. They give it freely for gold to enable them to pay and bribe their way from the sphere of their duty. And, we learn, there is an unusual concourse of them round the doors of foreign "Consuls" [illegible] to procure protections. What are conscript guards doing? Foreign protections are not available to these men if they have once served in the army; yet it is highly probable that large numbers of them will succeed in going away. They deserve no consideration. They have enjoyed the protection of our government and have, under that protection [illegible]

[illegible] the roads.—*Rich. Enquirer.*

EDENTON, N. C., March 1st, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—The undersigned Committee, in view of the communication that appeared in the "*Daily Progress*" of the [illegible], over the *nom de guerre* of "Chowan," [illegible] county, [illegible] the enemy, and the [illegible] of our citizens it will prove infinitely more satisfactory to all parties concerned to learn, that [illegible] community, though subjected to the most trying ordeal, yet stands, like a [illegible] stalwart, unblanched by the [illegible] the criticism of the most carping censor. [illegible] "Chowan" has shown himself utterly oblivious of the ninth commandment of the Decalogue, but he has given [illegible] converse of one of the most sacred precepts in the institutions of Chivalry, which requires every knight to speak the truth, to be generous and noble and [illegible] any acts of meanness [illegible] good heroism, and thus [illegible] trouble of vindicating [illegible] The brilliant [illegible] Jackets" and the [illegible] official report, [illegible] of our inquiry.

By the [illegible] it will be [illegible] Fleming, [illegible] oath of allegiance [illegible] above the age [illegible] removal from the town five miles [illegible] the citizens [illegible] assembled at the [illegible], however, to deliberate upon the [illegible] of the oath of neutrality—a question which had [illegible] been resolved to a case of [illegible] and condition of the people [illegible] expostulation of the Commissioner [illegible] commander to waive the oath altogether [illegible] grieves, our [illegible] to all save the inimitable "Chowan." Many of the most prominent actors of the meeting had pre-engaged [illegible] beyond the prescribed limits in the event that Capt. Fleming should remain inflexible in his demand. There was really no diversity of sentiment in the meeting as respects the oath; all acknowledged their [illegible] allegiance to the State, and the only question that presented itself in a tangible form, was the discovery of the most feasible means whereby to avert this [illegible] of the enemy to neutralize our mutual obligations. There was a slight difference of opinion respecting the tone of the resolutions.—Some were for adopting the *suaviter in modo*, others the *fortiter in re*; and [illegible] all [illegible] and superfluous matter were expunged the resolutions were unanimously adopted [illegible] by the Committee appointed for that purpose. In the outset of his lucubrations [illegible] discovered a strong *dilemma* [illegible] against his fellow citizens.

> "A strong dilemma in a desperate case!
> To act with infamy or quit the place."

[illegible] of civilians and political prisoners [illegible] prescribed the alternative of but two forms of obligations, either the oath of allegiance or that of neutrality, and readily perceiving that the latter form admitted of no modification, he mendaciously assumes the oath of allegiance, as the basis of his unnatural perversions, and represents the people seeking a modification of that which was not presented to their consideration, viz: the oath of allegiance. The annexed preamble and resolutions, is a faithful transcript of those unanimously adopted by the meeting excepting that pregnant word "modify" which had been inserted in resolution first, of the original draft, in connection with the word waive and stricken out on a motion to amend. The question whether the word "modify" should form a part of resolution first, was the one on which a division and count of the House were called for, and the amendment sustained by a vote of [illegible] against fourteen, from which circumstance "Chowan" has drawn the malicious inference, that those voting to reject the proposed alteration, had resolved upon "taking the oath in a modified form"—while the framers of the original resolution and the parties sustaining it, contemplated no result from the use of the term, other than such an extenuation of the exceptional parts of the commandant's orders, that would amount to an actual waiver of the oath of neutrality, for it admitted of no modification, other than an entire relinquishment and the only object of the persons favoring its retention, was to subdue the harshness of a positive refusal, and Capt. Fleming not having been present at any time during the progress of the meeting, the Committee after its adjournment, anticipated his arrival, by proceeding to the wharf, and opened the conference with all the courtesy their mission demanded. The forcible abduction of our worthy townsman, Edward Wood, by Capt. Behm, of the steamer *Southfield*, though an antecedent occurrence, and no part of our proceedings, is a circumstance we deeply deplore; we also regret the dangerous proximity of so many wild animals in the form of transient "Buffaloes," who undoubtedly roam over the land acting the part of wolves in sheep's clothing going to and fro across the lines, traducing character and misrepresenting the conduct of honorable men. All such we advise to a prudent husbandry of their purposes and we shall take especial care not to compromise our honor; while we shall derive comfort from the thought, that, long after charlatans shall have consigned all [illegible] sycophants to a merited oblivion, our children's rich libation, blood, that has crimsoned the battle plains of the South will rise a sweet incense to the memory, to remind the votary of freedom, that we were at least *fathers* of a generous race; and meanwhile we confidently assure all, that, notwithstanding the [illegible] bill, *loyalty* with *us* shall ever remain a virtue, and that no voluntary act of ours will ever [illegible] treason in the temple of unenviable fame. COMMITTEE.

P. S. The above meeting was organized with Major James Norcom, as President, and Mr. Haughton, Secretary, through the former of whom the order of the Captain, was submitted to the people, and a few days after [illegible]. C.

CAPT. FLEMING'S ORDER.

The order of the commanding officer in the Sound is, that all males above the age of sixteen years shall take the oath of neutrality, before 17th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, or remove their families five miles beyond the town limits.

Oath of neutrality to be taken before a United States officer, either on shore or on board of a gunboat is as follows:

I do solemnly swear to do no act against the government of the United States, and not to aid and comfort their enemies in any way. This I do without any mental reservation or evasion whatever. So help me God.

Dated at Edenton, Feb. 10th 1863.

PREAMBLE AND RESOLUTIONS.

Whereas, on Saturday the 7th inst., the Federal cavalry in coming to the town were attacked and one of their number killed and another wounded by a body of men, who we afterwards learned were acting under regular commissions from the State government, and whereas the commander of the squadron in these waters holds the citizens of the town responsible, and imposes upon them the necessity of taking the oath of neutrality or removing five miles beyond the town limits, either of which is a grievous condition, and whereas, we deny any complicity or connection with the aforesaid body of men, and are wholly unable to control their movements; and whereas the condition of many of the citizens of the town, and their families, from sickness, poverty and other considerations is such as to render a removal impracticable, and whereas the citizens of this town have during the progress of this war, deported themselves quietly and peaceably.

Resolved, 1st, That therefore, we respectfully request that the aforesaid commander wholly waive the oath of neutrality so as to permit the citizens to remain with their families.

Resolved, 2d, That if we are not oppressed and our property preyed upon to a point beyond actual endurance, we pledge that we will demean ourselves as quiet and peaceable citizens, as we have hitherto done.

Resolved, 3d, That we recommend the appointment of a committee of ten, consisting of B F Lehman, Jas Norcom, Henry A Bond, Wm Badham, Wm B Bond, D McDowell, Wm J Norfleet, Wm R Skinner, A S Perkins, S B Bond, to represent this meeting to the commanding officer.

[illegible] Friday. The *Herald's* New Orleans correspondent on the 2nd ult. [illegible]

[illegible] The Havana correspondent of the *Herald*, [illegible] says the acknowledgement of [illegible] of Galveston and Charleston has been published in the official organ here and notice of it has been communicated to the Government by the Spanish Minister at Washington.

The *Herald* says by the latest advices from Europe the insurrection in Poland had assumed most formidable proportions. Prussia has made engagements with Russia to allow Russian troops to pass over her territory. The English, French and Austrian cabinets have taken umbrage at an understanding which seems to exist upon this subject between Russia and Prussia and it is evident that all Europe will feel the influence of this great, and if successful, [illegible] movement in Poland; [illegible] quiet at home. This, says the *Herald*, will leave [illegible] deal with our troubles without any undue meddling, as we shall now hear [illegible] a public opinion.

One Day Later from the North.

RICHMOND, March 8.—The *Enquirer* has Washington dates to the 5th. [illegible] two dredging machines [illegible] to work on the canal at Vicksburg immediately. The levee has broken and the water is pouring over at a fearful rate. The New Jersey Democrats held a mass meeting at Trenton on the 4th. Thirty-four guns were fired in rejoicing over the expiration of the Yankee Congress. Resolutions passed denouncing Executive usurpations and the Conscript Bill. The people are called upon to show firmness and courage in this emergency.

Peace resolutions defeated in the Wisconsin Assembly. The Democrats all voted aye. Gen. Sigel has resigned owing to [illegible] difficulties with the Commander-in-Chief. Gold at New York closed at 57. The Hibernian brings Liverpool dates to 20th. Lord Stratheden gave notice in the House of Lords that he would move for copies of the dispatches of Mason to the Government relating to recognition of the Confederacy. There had been considerable transactions in London in American securities under the impression the war would soon end.

The War in the Southwest.

PORT HUDSON, March 5, (via Mobile March 6.)—Intelligence, reliable, and of the greatest importance, had been received from the front. The preparations being made by Banks' army point unmistakably to an early advance. Seventeen mortar boats, the sloop of war Mississippi, and the gunboat Essex, are now anchored at Baton Rouge.—Banks' force is fully thirty thousand. Ambulances and litters are being prepared. The opinion of military men is that this point will be attacked within a few days.—The utmost confidence prevails among both officers and men in our ability to defeat the enemy. The report that our pickets had been driven in is unfounded, but an immediate advance is anticipated. The latest information confirms the [illegible]. It is reported that Banks is [illegible] to the attack, but has orders from the War Department.

Cargo Arrived—Yankees Depredating on Tennessee River, &c.

MOBILE, March 7.—Schooner *Dudley*, from Havana, arrived here last night with an assorted cargo. Reliable information has been received that the Yankees have gone up the Tennessee river to Florence with a fleet of gunboats. About four hundred cavalry were landed and were destroying everything on their route through Franklin and Lawrence counties. Latest accounts say they were marching from Moulton in Lawrence county, southwest through Marion county in a direct line towards Aberdeen, Mississippi.

Official Report of Van Dorn's Fight.

CHATTANOOGA, March 6.—The following official dispatch of Van Dorn's late engagement has been received. The fight took place at Thompson's Station, and not at Franklin, the enemy making the attack;

TULLAHOMA, March 2.—To Col. B. S. Ewell: The enemy attacked Van Dorn yesterday at Thompson's Station, between Columbia and Franklin. He drove them back handsomely, and captured five regiments of infantry, 2,300 officers and men. Our loss not yet reported.

(Signed,) BRAXTON BRAGG.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, March 7.—A large Spanish screw frigate appeared off the bar late last evening. Her boat reached the city this morning to communicate with the Spanish Consul. A steamer towing what appeared to be an iron-clad, passed the bar going Southward last evening.

Treasurer Appointed.

CHATTANOOGA, March 7.—Gov. Harris has appointed Gen. Joel A. Battle Treasurer of State to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Col. McGregor.

From Savannah.

SAVANNAH, March 6.—It has been definitely ascertained that the enemy's iron-clads have left the Ogeechee.